

ACV FL 462 Quernet for Noble Josué Wyttenbach of Bern, cause ayant des biens d'Anthoine Pavillard et Noble Andrey Fivaz, copied in 1615 from a terrier compiled by George Ruchat circa 1586-1587.

Abstracts prepared by John W. McCoy (RealMac@aol.com) © 2020.

The inventory of the ACV reports that “complementary” information may be contained in the quernet fragment FL 111, and in the terrier FL 460. Whether this is so, especially for the fragment FL 111, which contains no dates but which appears to concern only the seigneurie of Lugnorre, remains to be established. FL 460 does indeed deal with the holdings of the Fivaz family, as does FL 395 (noble fiefs in the seigneurie of Cudrefin, during the reign of Ludovicus de Sabaudia, source of the fiefs later held by the Fivaz). “FL 111” may well be an error for FL 11, which in fact does concern the Wyttenbach family and the fief of Saint Maurice at Bellerive (1517) that figures in the present volume. Attention should also be directed to FL 421, a terriers (reconnaissances, not a quernet) compiled by George Ruchat circa 1570, with later additions, for the fiefs held by the Fivaz and Gachet families, and perhaps also to a number of fragments from terriers or quernets prepared by the same George Ruchat elsewhere in série FL (not yet examined).

FL 462 contains only 2 reconnaissances:

Fol. 1: Reconnaissance of Josué de Wyttembach to LL. EE., 15 nov 1587, “reconnoissance de la fidelité et hommage de Noble Josué Wyttembach bourgeois de Berne filz de Noble Nicolas Wyttembach de Bienne bourgeois dudit Berne cause ayant des biens que furent de Spetable et Strenué Anthoine Pavillard chevallier et des conseilliers de Fribourg des biens feudaux que anciennement furent de feu Anthoine d’Avenche à cause du fied appelé de Saint Mouris Martir du lieu de Publoz à Belleryve”, en ensuyvant la nature et forme de ses predecesseurs et mesement la forme et teneur des lettres d’assignation anciennement faites à Noble et Puissant Anthoine d’Avanche filz de deffunct Uldriset filz de feu Jean d’Avanche donzel par feu de bonne memoyre Messire Humbert bastard de Savoye lhors seigneur de Montagniez, Grandcourt, et Cudriffin, et lhors aussi seigneur d’Estavayer... , et c’est en vigueur d’acquis ou soit de remission audit Noble Nicolas Wyttembach pere dudit noble confessant faite par les magnificques Princes de Frybourg, charge ayant de la discution des biens de feu Noble et Spectable Anthoyne Pavillard en solution de payement de quatre centz huictante un florins six solz Lausannois esquels ledit Pavillard luy estoit tenu... , le tout à forme et au contenu d’icelle, de laquelle lettre d’assignation par ledit Messire Humbert bastart de Savoye jadis faite la teneur s’ensuit et est telle comme cy apres est contenu et escript,

Ego Humbertus bastardus de Sabaudia miles dominus Montagniaci, Corberiarum, Grandiscuria, et Cudriffini ac condominus Staviaci, notum facio serie presentium universis presentibus et futuris, quod cum pridem Joannis de Adventica domicellus dudum recognoverit et confessus fuerit se esse hominem ligium viri Nobilis et Potentis deffuncti quondam Domini Guillielmi de Grandissono domino Sancta Crucis et heredum suorum, sub quoquidem homagio

recognoverit se tenere a dicto quondam Domino Guilliélmo in feudo et sub homagio ligio antedicto, res et bona inferius declarata,

Primo, videlicet (fols. 3v and 4 not yet copied)... (The document continues with descriptions of various censures, pensions, corvées, etc. owed by individuals in the time of Guilliélmus de Grandissono. The Latin spellings have been altered to conform with the “classical” Latin that became fashionable by the 17th Century, easily identifiable by “Joannes” instead of the medieval “Johannes”. The text of this document – still in the voice of Humbertus de Sabaudia – refers back to the grant by Guilliérmus de Grandissono to Johannes de Adventhica, and includes its date, August, 1357. Then, Uldricus de Adventhica, son of the said Johannes de Adventhica, with approval of his father and brother, made a reconnaissance for all of the items in the original grant by Humbertus, 27 mar 1409, recorded by Johannes Chalvini, procurator of Vaud and notary public. Now, in 1430, the said Humbertus grants to Anthonius, son of the said Uldricus, impuberis, the same items, to be secured by various properties, the enumeration of which begins on fol. 8,

... dated 13 mar 1430 (the encased grant by Humbertus de Sabaudia ending on fol. 22v), in which Petrus Gachet is mentioned once as a tenant of adjacent property.

Then the present reconnaissance of 1587 continues with an enumeration of the current state of the same rents and of the properties by which they are secured. Copy dated 04 jan 1615, stated to be from a “grosse” compiled by the late Egrege George Ruchat.

Fol. 97: Reconnaissance of Andrey Fyvaz son of Michel son of Claude, 14 apr 1586, acting for himself and for his brother Louis, and for Jean and his brothers his nephews, sons of the late Claude Fyvaz le jeune also a brother of Andrey for the one third part, Samuel and Pettermant sons of the late Claude Fyvaz the elder for another one third part, and Noble David Gachet son of the late Daniel as a result of an exchange with François Succanier son of the late Antoine Succanier and Isabel daughter of the late Jean Fyvaz (exchange rec. Pettermant de Dompierre 05 nov 1568) for the remaining one third part (some of these parties are represented by their tuteurs etc.), des precedentez fiedz nobles dudict Cudriffin par feu Noble Michel Fywaz pere dudict noble confessant tant à son nom que aussi comme devancier de feu Noble Claudy Fywaz l’ainé son frere, que de feu Noble Benoict Fywaz son nepveur et compartionnier audit fied, et ce en vertu d’acquis des chose et censures feudales et directes cy apres contenues escripttes et designées par feu Noble Claude Fywaz pere grand dudict noble confessant faict aultresfois de feu Noble George de Pictigniez et ce aussi en vertu de l’infeudation anciennement faicte à feu Noble Claude de Pictigniez oncle dudict Noble George par feu de bonne memoire Loys duc de Savoye et en ensuyvant la forme d’un ancienne recognossance faite desdits biens feudaux icy apres escriptz es mains de feu Egrege Bertholomei de Treytorens lhors commissaire ducal par ledit feu Noble Claude de Pictignietz, et que consequitinement furent recongneuz es mains de feu Egrege Jean du Moulin (=Johannes de Molendino) notayre d’Estavayer aussi commissaire ducal par ledit feu Noble George de Pitigniez lesdicts biens et censures suyvantes... The list that follows extends to fol. 199, followed by the usual closing formalities, signed in the Maison de Ville of Payerne, witnesses Jean Amey Bondu bourgeois de Payerne and Jean de Corcelles bourgeois dudict Payerne.

Copy dated 04 mar 1615. The original source is stated to be a “quernet” for the noble fiefs of Cudreffin compiled by Eg. George Ruchat. There is a mention on fol. 134v that is probably in error, le pré de Noble Daniel fils de feu Egrege *François* Gachet bourgeois de Payerne. This should be Daniel son of Eg. *Pierre* Gachet. There are many mentions of Gachet from Vully, but the text does not include even approximate dates of previous transactions, so these mentions are not particularly helpful. However, on fol. 140, there is a passage apparently referring to a prior reconnaissance by Noble Theophile son of the late Noble Pierre du Moulin, cause ayant de Jean et Jeannette Gachet femme d’Estiven Matthey de Grandcour enfans de Jean fils de feu Rollet Gachet. On fol. 140v there is reference to property of Discret Jean Amey Gachet son of Pierre son of François Gachet of Payerne. On fol. 141, there is mention of Girard Hugonet as usufruct of his wife Andrinnette daughter of Pierre Gachet of Payerne (possibly in the time of Louis de Savoie). The next few pages mention a dispute involving Eg. Pierre Gachet that might be followed up. There is at least one mention of Jean Gachet du Landeron. The entire reconnaissance is full of names and some genealogical details that need to be studied more closely.

END.